

Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity

Financial Statements

March 31, 2021

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Directors of Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity (the entity), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, the statement of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity as at March 31, 2021, and the results of its operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canadian, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial

statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hamilton, Ontario

(Date of board approval)

DO Chartered Accountant

aokunade

Licensed Public Accountant

Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity

Statement of Operations and changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2021.

	2021
REVENUES	
Project Revenue	\$ 1,921,207
Government Grant (Note 3)	563,549
Sponsorships	20,230
Interest	<u>20</u>
	<u>2,505,006</u>
EXPENSES	
<i>Project Expenses:</i>	
Salaries and wages	1,575,432
Program expenses	617,018
Office expenses	99,298
Professional fees	<u>11,500</u>
	<u>2,303,248</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	201,758
Net asset, beginning of year	<u>-</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 201,758</u>

Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2021

2021

Cash generated (used in):

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 201,758
Impact on cash of changes in non-cash operating working capital items:	
Accounts receivable	(131,047)
Prepaid expenses	(18,637)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	143,525
Harmonized sales tax payable	33,830
Deferred revenue	<u>318,915</u>
	548,344

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Guaranteed Investment certificate purchased	(15,000)
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Increase (decrease) in cash	533,344
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>-</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 533,344</u>

Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2021

1. NATURE AND PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity is a not-for-profit organization incorporated without share capital under the laws of the Province of Ontario on April 27, 2020. The entity is exempt from paying tax under the income tax legislation.

The entity supports youth workforce development ecosystem by facilitating youth integration into the labor market.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the CPA Handbook and include the following significant accounting policies.

Revenue recognition

The entity follows the deferral method of accounting for revenue. Restricted contributions, such as government grants, are recognized as revenue when the related activity takes place and expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Financial instruments

The entity initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. It subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

The financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash and amounts receivable. The financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The carrying value of the entity's financial instruments approximates their fair value due to the relatively short term to maturity of those instruments. It is management's opinion that the entity is not exposed to significant liquidity risk, interest rate or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Guaranteed Investment Certificate

The guaranteed investment certificate is issued by a Canadian chartered bank with terms as follows: \$15,000 bears interest at 0.100000% and matures on August 24, 2021.

Canadian Council for Youth Prosperity

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2021

3. GOVERNMENT GRANTS REVENUES AND DEFERRED GRANTS

Revenues from government grants recognized in the year are as follows:

	2021
Employment and Social Development Canadian	<u>\$ 563,549</u>

DEFERRED REVENUES

Included in deferred revenue are:

	2021
Deferred project revenue	<u>\$ 318,915</u>

4. COVID 19 PANDEMIC

Since March 31, 2020, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of nonessential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown.

The Entity has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences.


Madeleine Barker
Board President
July 22, 2021


Andrew Reddin
Board Treasurer
July 22, 2021